Surveying the Diversity of Trojan Asteroids:

the Fossils of Planet Formation

IN RESPONSE TO: NASA AO NNH14ZDA014O

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Surveying the Diversity of Trojan Asteroids:

Mission Overview

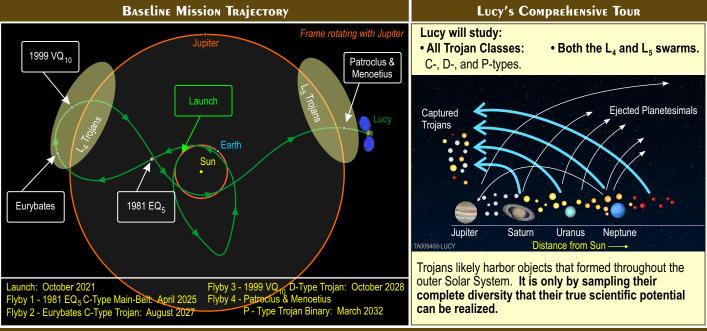
the Fossils of Planet Formation

Lucy is the first reconnaissance of the Jupiter Trojan asteroids - objects that hold vital clues to deciphering the history of the Solar System. Due to an unusual and fortuitous orbital configuration, Lucy will perform an exhaustive landmark investigation that visits four of these primitive asteroids, covering both the L_4 and L_5 swarms, all the known taxonomic types, and a nearly equal mass binary. It will use a suite of high-heritage remote sensing instruments to map the geology, surface color and composition, thermal and other physical properties of our targets at close range - all this within constraints of the Discovery Program. Thus, Lucy, like the human fossil for which it is named, will revolutionize the understanding of our origins.

High Impact Science

Through its unique tour, Lucy will provide crucial input to four of the ten Priority Questions for Planetary Science as expressed by DS13:

- What were the initial stages, conditions and processes of Solar System formation ...?
- How did the giant planets ... accrete, and is there evidence that they migrated to new orbital positions?
- What governed the accretion ..., and what roles did bombardment by large projectiles play?
- · What were the sources of primordial organic matter?



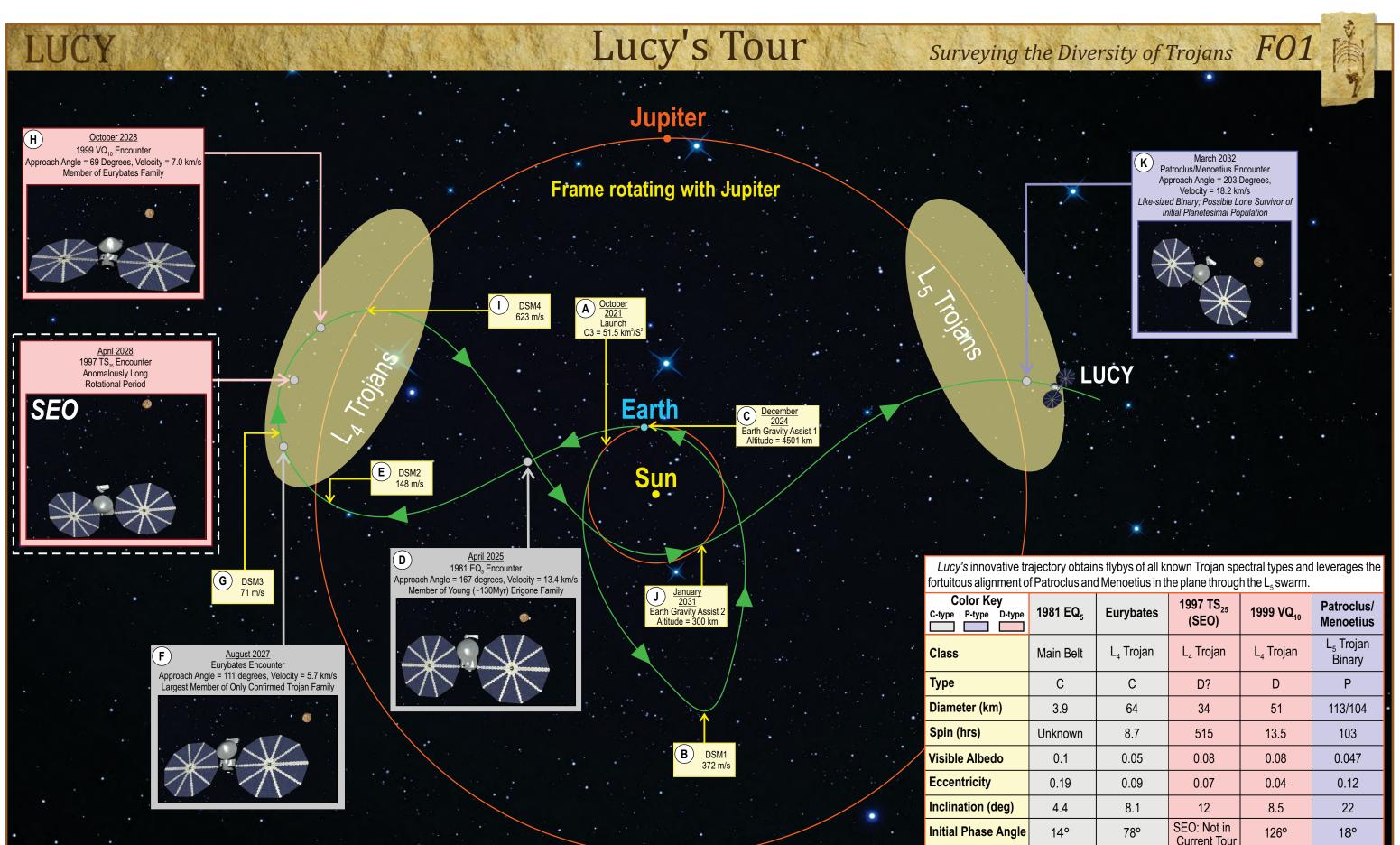
IMPORTANCE TO NASA Objectives - Decadal Survey Recommendation

"Study of these objects [Trojans] is important because they may contain key information about the parent materials that accreted in the inner Solar System. An important science goal for this decade is to begin the scientific exploration of the trojan asteroids." - Planetary Decadal Survey 2013 (DS13)

Science Objectives Satellite and Ring Search Surface Composition Lucy will map the color, Lucy will map albedo, shape, Lucy will determine the masses Lucy will determine the number, composition and regolith properties crater spatial and size-frequency and densities, and study subsize-frequency distribution and of the surface and determine the distributions, determine the nature surface composition via crater location of km-scale satellites and distribution of minerals, ices and of crustal structure and layering, windows, fractures, ejecta dense rings. organics species. and determine the relative ages of blankets, and exposed bedding. surface units.

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1 0 3				
981 EQ₅	Eurybates	1997 TS ₂₅ (SEO)	1999 VQ ₁₀	Patroclus/ Menoetius
lain Belt	L ₄ Trojan	L ₄ Trojan	L ₄ Trojan	L₅ Trojan Binary
С	С	D?	D	Р
3.9	64	34	51	113/104
Jnknown	8.7	515	13.5	103
0.1	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.047
0.19	0.09	0.07	0.04	0.12
4.4	8.1	12	8.5	22
14°	78°	SEO: Not in Current Tour	126°	18°
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