

Better Life Index (BLI) より良い暮らし指標

ツール及びウェブサイトの概要

より良い暮らし指標(BLI)とは

- 本年創立50周年を迎えるOECDの役割を象徴するもので、そのスローガンである『より良い政策、良い暮らし』を各国が実現できるよう支援する活動の一環として開発されたもの。
- GDPを超えた社会的進歩の計測について近年政府 や国民の関心が高まっているが、BLIはOECDの7 年にわたる作業を経て発表される。
- OECDが特定したより良い暮らしに欠かせない物質的生活環境、生活の質、持続可能性に関する11の要素について、幸福度の国際比較を可能にする。



より良い暮らし指標(BLI)の特徴

- カスタマイズ可能:人によって幸福の捉え方は異なるため、価値観に応じて11の幸福構成要素の比重を変えることが出来、BLIをカスタマイズすることも可能。それにより、特定の要素に比重を置くことが幸福の全体像に如何に影響するかを客観視することができる。
- インタラクティブ: 革新的かつインタラクティブなツールで、個人や社会の幸福に関する対話やコンセンサス 形成を促進できる。
- オープン:人々の幸福に対する意識を高め、政策立案への参加を促進する。現在対象はOECD加盟34力国だが、今後、関係強化国(ブラジル、中国、インド、インドネシア、ロシア、南アフリカ)にも広げる予定。

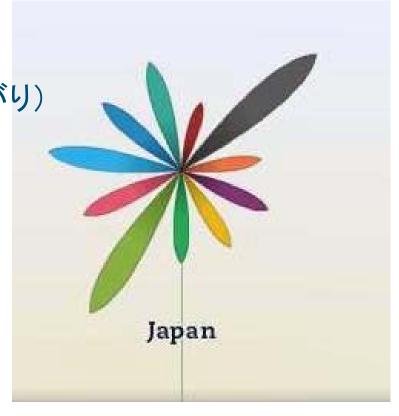
BLI: 国際比較可能な11の構成要素

- 1. | 住居
- 2. _ 収入
- 3. 雇用
- 4. 共同体(社会との繋がり)
- 5. 教育
- 6. 環境
- 7. ガバナンス
- 8. 健康
- 9. 生活の満足度
- 10. 安全
- 11. ワークライフバランス



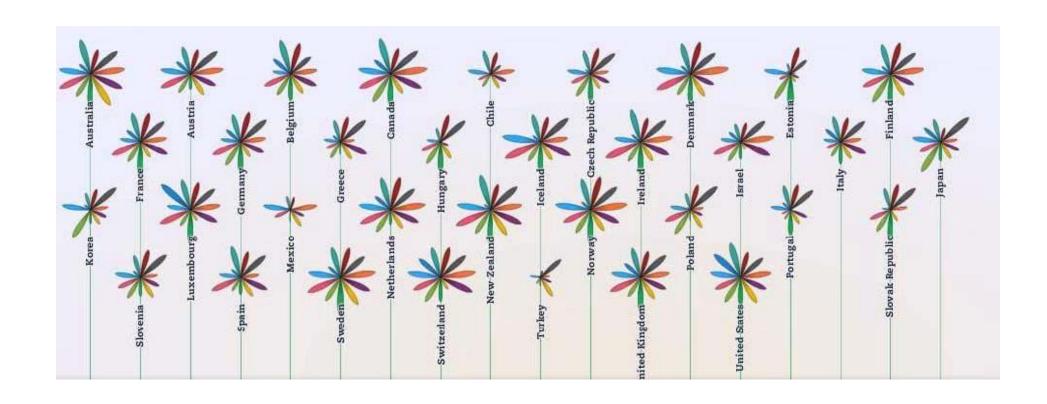
BLI:11枚の花弁から成る花

- 1. | 住居
- 2. _ 収入
- 3. 雇用
- 4. 共同体(社会との繋がり)
- 5. 教育
- 6. 環境
- 7. ガバナンス
- 8. 健康
- 9. 生活の満足度
- 10. 安全
- 11. ワークライフバランス





BLI:花の形は国によって異なる





BLI: 各要素の元となるデータ

- 1. 住居:一部屋あたり人数、家に水洗トイレが無い人の割合
- 2. 収入:家計可処分所得、家計金融資産
- 3. 雇用:就業率、長期(一年以上)失業率
- 4. 共同体:困った時に頼れる親戚、友人がいると 回答した人の割合
- 5. 教育:高校修了者の割合、15歳児の読解力

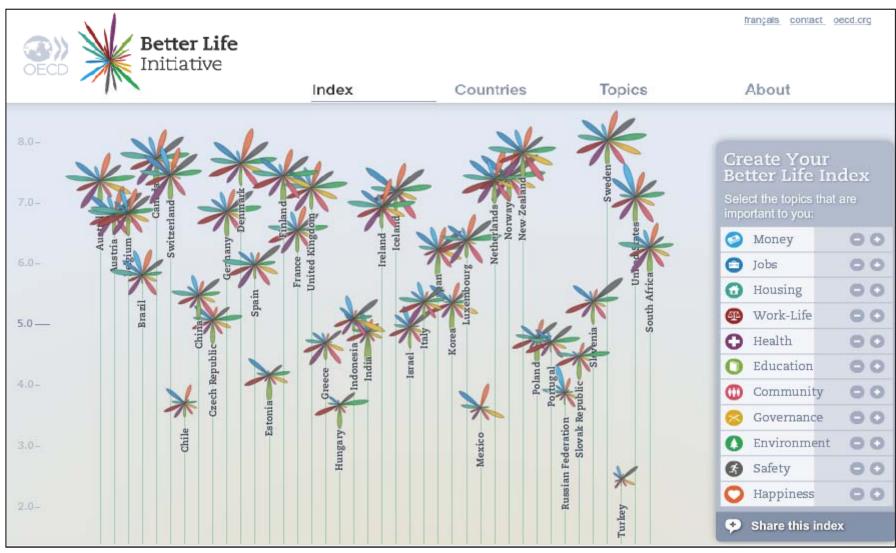


BLI: 各要素の元となるデータ

- 6. 環境:大気汚染
- 7. ガバナンス:立法過程の透明性、投票率
- 8. **健康: 平均寿命、自分の健康状態が良い、大変良いと回答した人の割合**
- 9. 生活の満足度:生活の満足度の自己評価
- 10. 安全:人口あたりの殺人件数、過去12ヶ月に犯罪に巻き 込まれた人の割合



BLIホームページ





BLIホームペー

Create Your Better Life Index

There is more to life than the cold numbers of GDP and economic statistics - use our interactive tool to create an index based on the topics that are important to you.

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Learn more about the index

Countries



The Index not only covers all OECD member countries, but also includes Brazil, China, India, Indonesia, Russia and South Africa.

Topics













There is more to life than

the cold numbers of GDP

and economic statistics -

the Better Life index is the

first index to cover all

aspects of life, from eduction to politics to work life balance.





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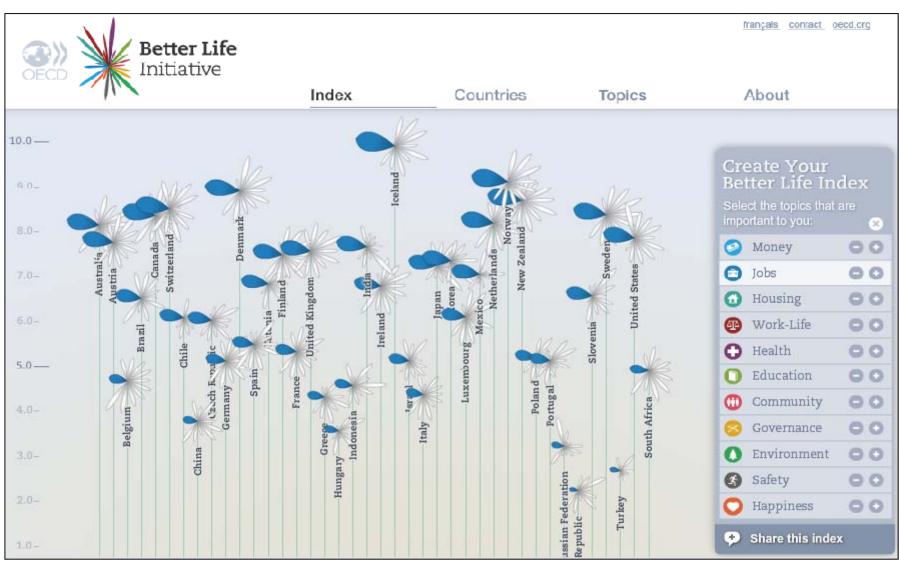
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カスタマイズ可能な指標-雇用



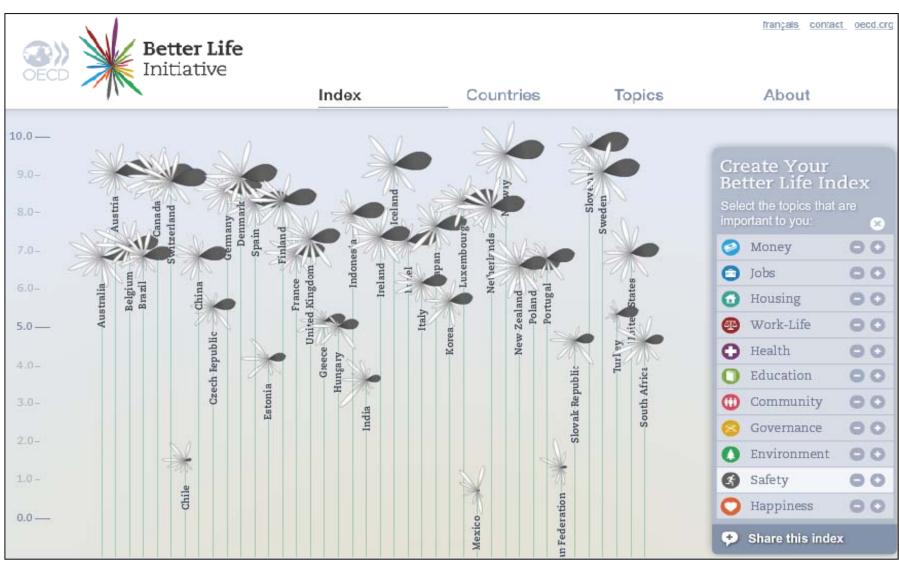


カスタマイズ可能な指標ー健康



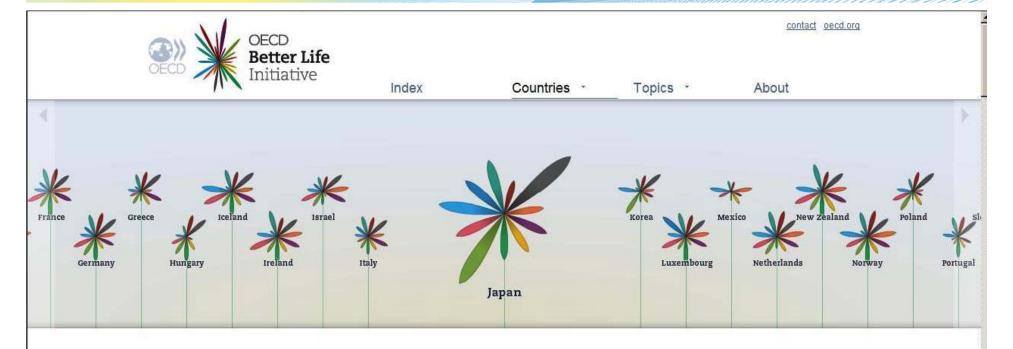


カスタマイズ可能な指標ー安全





国別ページー日本



Japan



要素(トピック)別ページー共同体





要素(トピック)別情報の詳細-共同体



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Background

Humans are social creatures. The frequency of our contact with others and the quality of our personal relationships are crucial determinants of our well-being. Studies show that time spent with friends is associated with a higher average level of positive feelings and a lower average level of negative feelings than time spent in other ways.

Additionally, a strong social network – or sense of community – can provide both material and emotional support during both good and bad times, as well as access to jobs, services and other opportunities. Across the OECD, 91.4% believe that they know someone they could rely on in a time of need.

Conversely, a weak social network can lead to limited opportunities, a lack of contact with others, and eventually, feelings of isolation.

Experiences of social isolation may follow family breakdown, the loss of a job, illness or financial difficulties. Once socially isolated, individuals may face greater difficulties not only reintegrating society as a contributing member, but also fulfilling personal aspirations with respect to work, family and friends. Social isolation can be a downward spiral: feelings of exclusion affect morale, and lack of contacts with other people may reduce both social and economic opportunities. In the

Topic Ranking

Community

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Indicators in Detail

Contact with others



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Key Findings

Humans are social creatures. The frequency of our contact with others and the quality of our personal relationships are thus crucial determinants of our well-being.

A strong social network, or community, can provide emotional support during both good and bad times as well as provide access to jobs, services and other material opportunities. In Japan, 90% of people believe that they know someone they could rely on in a time of need, close to the OECD average. Nearly 23% reported having helped a stranger in the last month, the lowest rate in the OECD.

A weak social network can result in limited economic opportunities, a lack of contact with others, and eventually, feelings of isolation. Socially isolated individuals face difficulties integrating into society as a contributing member and fulfilling personal aspirations. Nearly 15% of people in Japan reported 'rarely' or 'never' spending time with friends, colleagues or others in social settings; this is the highest figure in the OECD.

Indicators

More Resources

Society at a Glance: Social Isolation

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OECD Insights: Human Capital

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